Serial No.: 10/511,859 Filed: October 18, 2004

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Examiner: Leon Flores Group Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket: 37476

In the Claims:

1-55 (Canceled).

56. (New) A method of monitoring a modem connection, comprising:

connecting a line interface to a communication link carrying signals of a

modem connection, between a pair of end modems separate from the line interface;

passively collecting signals passing on the communication link, between the

end modems, through the line interface;

determining one or more physical quality or transmission characteristics

regarding the modem connection, responsive to the collected signals; and

providing information on the modem connection, responsive to the collected

signals.

57. (New) A method according to claim 56, comprising determining

quality or transmission characteristics regarding the modem connection, responsive to

signals collected through the line interface, and wherein providing information on the

modem connection comprises providing information on the determined characteristics.

58. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein the modem

connection comprises an xDSL modem connection.

59. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein collecting signals

passing on the communication link comprises collecting without sending to either of

the modems acknowledgment signals or any other modem tangible signals.

60. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein providing information

on the modem connection

comprises displaying the contents of one or more modem negotiation signals.

Serial No.: 10/511,859 Filed: October 18, 2004

Office Action Mailing Date: February 24, 2010

Examiner: Leon Flores Group Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket: 37476

61. (New) A method according to claim 57, wherein providing information

on the modem connection comprises providing information on noise levels on the

connection.

62. (New) A method according to claim 61, wherein providing information

on the modem connection comprises providing information on efficiency or data

integrity effects in upper layers caused by the noise levels on the connection.

63. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein providing information

on the modem connection comprises providing information on the symbol mapping

used by the connection.

64. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein providing information

on the modem connection comprises displaying information on signaling signals

transmitted in parallel to data transmission.

65. (New) A method according to claim 56, and further comprising

performing signal tests on test signals transmitted on the connection and comparing

the results of the tests to negotiation signals reporting test results from one of the

modems.

66. (New) A method according to claim 56, and further comprising forcing

a retrain of the modem connection by a same apparatus as collects the signals passing

on the communication link.

67. (New) A method according to claim 66, and further comprising forcing

the retrain of the modem connection comprises connecting a low impedance circuit,

for at least some of the frequency bands carrying signals, to the communication link.

Serial No.: 10/511,859 Filed: October 18, 2004

Office Action Mailing Date: February 24, 2010

Examiner: Leon Flores Group Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket: 37476

68. (New) A method according to claim 66, wherein the modem

connection comprises a DSL connection and wherein the forcing of the retrain does

not interfere with voice frequency bands of the communication link.

69. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein the modem

connection comprises a voice band modem connection.

70. (New) A method according to claim 56, comprising identifying

changes in the operation of the modem connection and providing suggested causes of

the changes.

71. (New) A method according to claim 70, where the causes are at least a

retrain or a bit swap.

72. (New) A method according to claim 70 and wherein at least one of the

changes identified belongs to a group comprising:

a request for retransmission of data;

CRC errors;

corrupted bits;

low performance of Reed Solomon decoding; and

a request for a change in bit allocation of a frequency band.

73. (New) A method according to claim 70 and wherein at least one of the

suggested causes belongs to a group comprising:

an unusual noise level;

a low Signal to Noise Ratio;

a high attenuation level; and

a modem suffering from skew.

Serial No.: 10/511,859 Filed: October 18, 2004

Office Action Mailing Date: February 24, 2010

Examiner: Leon Flores
Group Art Unit: 2611
Attorney Docket: 27474

Attorney Docket: 37476

74. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein providing information on the modem connection comprises displaying a raw bit content of signals

transmitted on the modem connection.

75. (New) A method according to claim 56, wherein providing information

on the modem connection comprises providing a warning on a possible tapping of the

communication link.

76. (New) A method according to claim 75 and wherein the warning on a

possible tapping of the communication link is based, at least in part, on comparing

measured spectrums of noise to configured expected spectrums of noise added by a

line tapping unit.

77. (New) A method according to claim 56, comprising extracting the data

transmitted on the modem connection.

78. (New) A modem connection performance analyzer, comprising:

a line interface adapted to passively collect signals of a modem connection

passing on a communication link, between two end modems connected to the link and

without injecting modem tangible signals;

a processor adapted to determine one or more physical quality or transmission

characteristics regarding the modem connection, responsive to the collected signals;

and

an interface operable by a human adapted to provide information on the

determined characteristics.

79. (New) A performance analyzer according to claim 78, comprising

Serial No.: 10/511,859 Filed: October 18, 2004

Office Action Mailing Date: February 24, 2010

Examiner: Leon Flores Group Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket: 37476

a low impedance shorting circuit adapted to short at least some of the frequencies of the communication link, responsive to a command from the processor.